From: Ryan Vise
To: Bowman, Liz

Cc: Coleman, Sam; Gray, David; Forsgren, Lee; Drinkard, Andrea; Grantham, Nancy; Greenwalt, Sarah; Wagner,

Kenneth; Jackson, Ryan

Subject: Re: For Review: First Draft of Water Release

Date: Sunday, September 3, 2017 7:05:03 AM

Looks good, One minor suggestion re: Arkema.

I don't know if we should mention the controlled burn since it hasn't been reschedule.

Sent from my iPhone

On Sep 3, 2017, at 7:00 AM, Bowman, Liz < Bowman.Liz@epa.gov > wrote:

Thank you

Sent from my iPhone

On Sep 3, 2017, at 3:06 AM, Coleman, Sam < Coleman.Sam@epa.gov > wrote:

A couple of situational changes:

## STATUS OF WATER SYSTEMS IN AREAS AFFECTED BY HARVEY

WASHINGTON (September 3, 2017) – Working together, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) continue to coordinate with local, state and federal officials to address the human health and environmental impacts of Hurricane Harvey and its aftermath, especially the water systems in the affected areas. As of Saturday, September 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2017, the following information is available:

- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->Waste Water and Sewage:
   Currently, 794 of approximately 2467 wastewater treatment
   plants are fully operational in the affected counties. The
   agencies are aware that releases of wastewater from sanitary
   sewers that is occurring, due to the historic flooding and are
   actively working to monitor facilities that have reported spills,
   conduct outreach and provide technical guidance to all other
   wastewater facilities in flood-impacted areas. EPA and TCEQ
   are working closely with the U.S. Coast Guard, the Texas
   Military Department, and other local and state agencies to
   continuously monitor wastewater systems. Houston's unified
   command will be up and running shortly to support water
   testing. Assistance Teams will be deployed to work directly
   with system operators to expedite bringing systems back to
   operational status.

- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->Flood Water: Water quality sampling will be focused on industrial facilities and hazardous waste sites. Floodwaters contain many hazards, including bacteria and other contaminants. Precautions should be taken by anyone involved in cleanup activities or any others who may be exposed to flood waters. These precautions include heeding all warnings from local and state authorities regarding safety advisories. In addition to the drowning hazards of wading, swimming, or driving in swift floodwaters, these waters can carry large objects that are not always

readily visible that can cause injuries to those in the water. Other potential hazards include downed power lines and possible injuries inflicted by animals displaced by the floodwaters.

## Additional EPA/TCEQ updates include:

- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->**Superfund Sites:** EPA and TCEQ continue to get updates about the status of specific sites from the parties responsible for ongoing cleanup of the sites. The most recent information can be found here.
- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->Fires at Arkema Facility in **Crosby, Texas:** EPA and TCEQ are coordinating closely with Harris County Officials along with the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, and other local public safety officials. Due to the increased risk of unpredictable fires at the remaining trailers, experts on the ground decided that the best course of action was to ignite a controlled fire for the remaining trailers on Saturday evening, September 2<sup>nd</sup>. However, at approximately this approach was suspended because the trailers began to smolder and are expected to spontaneounsly ignite. As a result of initial chemical fires while the facility was flooded, EPA has collected downstream surface water runoff samples at four locations outside the evacuation zone, near residential areas. In addition, EPA will maintain a 24-hour presence at the incident command operations center near this facility, to support local emergency personnel on the

ground. The 1.5 mile radius evacuation zone remains in effect until local emergency response authorities announce it is safe.

For additional information from TCEQ, please visit: https://www.tceq.texas.gov/response/hurricanes

Sorry this is so late. Had to sleep.

Samuel Coleman, P.E.
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From: Bowman, Liz

Sent: Saturday, September 02, 2017 8:48 PM

**To:** Coleman, Sam < <u>Coleman.Sam@epa.gov</u>>; Ryan Vise

<<u>Ryan.Vise@Tceq.Texas.Gov</u>>; Gray, David <<u>gray.david@epa.gov</u>>;

Forsgren, Lee < Forsgren. Lee@epa.gov >; Drinkard, Andrea

<Drinkard.Andrea@epa.gov>; Grantham, Nancy

<<u>Grantham.Nancy@epa.gov</u>>; Greenwalt, Sarah

<greenwalt.sarah@epa.gov>; Wagner, Kenneth

<wagner.kenneth@epa.gov>

**Cc:** Jackson, Ryan < <u>jackson.ryan@epa.gov</u>>

**Subject:** For Review: First Draft of Water Release

Below, please find a first draft of a release on the status of water systems in the Harvey affected area. I highlighted the areas where I need some help with numbers. Please review this and let me know if you have thoughts or edits. This is just a first draft and I am a little tired, so edits are welcome. **The goal is to get this out first thing tomorrow morning.** Thank you – Liz

## STATUS OF WATER SYSTEMS IN AREAS AFFECTED BY HARVEY

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state and federal officials to address the human health and environmental impacts of Hurricane Harvey and its aftermath, especially the water systems in the affected areas. As of Saturday, September 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2017, the following information is available:

- <!--[if!supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->**Drinking Water:** Of the approximately XX drinking water systems in the affected area, 1757 systems are fully operational, 98 are partially operational, with a "boil water" notice, and 49 continue to have outages. The agencies are contacting 189 systems to gather updated information of their status. Additional drinking water assessments should be up and running within the next day.
- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->**Residential Wells:** EPA is developing a plan for sampling and monitoring residential wells, and is coordinating with TCEQ to provide updates to the community on the status of water from residential well water.

waste sites. Floodwaters may contain many hazards, including bacteria and other disease agents. Precautions should be taken by anyone involved in cleanup activities or any others who may be exposed to flood waters. These precautions include heeding all warnings from local and state authorities regarding boil water notices, swimming advisories, or other safety advisories. In addition to the drowning hazards of wading, swimming, or driving in swift floodwaters, these waters can carry large objects that are not always readily visible that can cause injuries to those in the water. Other potential hazards include downed power lines and possible injuries inflicted by animals displaced by the floodwaters.

## Additional EPA/TCEQ updates include:

- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->**Superfund Sites:** EPA and TCEQ continue to get updates about the status of specific sites from the parties responsible for ongoing cleanup of the sites. The most recent information can be found here.
- <!--[if!supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->Fires at Arkema Facility in Crosby, Texas: EPA and TCEQ are coordinating closely with the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, along with local public safety officials. Due to the increased risk of unpredictable fires at the remaining trailers, experts on the ground decided that the best course of action was to ignite a controlled fire for the remaining trailers on Saturday evening, September 2<sup>nd</sup>. As a result of initial chemical fires from the

facility, EPA has collected downstream surface water runoff samples at four locations outside the evacuation zone, near residential areas. EPA will continue to take additional samples of the flood water in the vicinity of the plant, to document changes in the concentration of chemicals. In addition, EPA will maintain a 24-hour presence at the incident command operations center near this facility, to support local emergency personnel on the ground. The 1.5 mile radius evacuation zone remains in effect until local emergency response authorities announce it is safe.

For additional information from TCEQ, please visit: <a href="https://www.tceq.texas.gov/response/hurricanes">https://www.tceq.texas.gov/response/hurricanes</a>

Liz Bowman
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

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